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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name KANSLER, Brake Fluid, DOT-4

Product use Lubricants and additives

Company BLW Handel Gmbh

Address Wachtelstr. 13 12526 Berlin, Deutschland

Phone +49 30 818 78 777

E-mail address info@kansler.de

Emergency telephone number 112

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of a mixture The mixture is hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2; H319

STOT RE 2; H373

Environmental hazards Not Classified.

Label elements Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP].

Hazard pictograms





Signal words Warning.

Hazardous ingredients Ethanediol.

Hazard statements H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 May cause damage to the kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/

national/international regulations.

Other hazards No additional information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

Mixture:

Name	W (%)	CAS Nr. EC Nr.	Classification
2-(2-(2 butoxyethoxy) ethoxy)ethanol	-55-75	143-22-6 205-592-6	Eye Dam. 1; H318
2,2'-oxybisethanol	25-45	111-46-6 203-872-2	Acute Tox. 4; H3D2 STOT RE 2; H373

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures:

After ingestion: If swallowed, get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

After inhalation: Move a person to fresh air if necessary.

In case of skin contact: Wash the skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing as soon as

possible. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist

In case of eye contact: Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice if

discomfort continues. Continue to flush during transport to physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Symptoms/Injuries Risk of thermal burns on contact with hot oil.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: May cause irritation to the eyes, nose, throat, and skin. Inhalation of mists or vapors

at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Possible respiratory

damage following repeated or prolonged inhalation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact May cause moderate irritation. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten

product. Prolonged or repeated contacts with the skin may cause dermatitis. Skin

rash/inflammation. Drying up of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: May cause moderate irritation, including burning sensation, tearing, redness or

swelling.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

First aid kits: Clean, warm water, soap, drinking water.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURE

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry chemical powder, foam. Water fog. Apply aqueous

extinguishing media carefully to prevent frothing/steam explosion.

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Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On combustion forms: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Smokes. Hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Phosphorus oxides. Zinc oxide. Sulfur oxides. Material will burn but does not easily ignite. When heated above the flash point, releases vapor. Vapors can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode. Mist or spray may burn at temperature below flash point.

Advice for firefighter

Wear proper protective equipment. Extra personal protection: complete protective

clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURE

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Avoid any direct contact with the product. Avoid contact with skin, eye and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.

Environmental precaution

Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear suitable protective clothing. Stop leak if safe to do so. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard. Small spills: Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Substance floats in water. Specialist clean-up methods may be required. Comply with applicable regulations.

Reference to other section

Refer to sections 1 (contact and emergency phone number), 8 and 13.

7. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURE

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Technical measures: Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources.

Storage condition(s): Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Do not store near oxidizing agents.

Recommended Materials:

For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.

Specific end use: No additional information available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters:

2-(2-(2 butoxyethoxy) ethoxy)ethanol TWA(8 Hrs): 67.5 mg/m^3 2,2'-oxybisethanol TWA(8 Hrs): 101 mg/m^3

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2-(2-(2 butoxyethoxy)ethoxy)ethanol:

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 195 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 25 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 117 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2,5 mg/kg/day

PNEC

Water, Fresh water; 1,5 mg/l Water, Marine water; 0,25 mg/l Water, Intermittent release; 50 mg/l

STP; 200 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 5,77 mg/kg/sediment dw Sediment (Marinewater); 0,13 mg/kg/sediment dw

Soil; 0,45 mg/kg Oral; 111 mg/kg

2,2'-oxybisethanol:

DNEL

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 106 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 60 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 53 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 12 mg/m³

PNEC

Water, Fresh water; 10 mg/l Water, Marine water; 1 mg/l Water, Intermittent release; 10 mg/l

STP; 199,5 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 20,9 mg/kg/sediment dw

Soil; 1,53 mg/kg

Personal protective equipment: Respiratory protection

No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours.

Hand protection

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean

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hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application

of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection When skin contact is possible, protective clothing including gloves, apron, sleeves,

boots, head and face protection must be worn. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse.

Eyes protection Safety glasses with side-shields. Use splash goggles when eye contact due to

splashing is possible. Wear goggles and face shield if material is heated above 51°C.

Hygiene measure Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact

with skin and eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents, or harsh abrasives as skin cleansers. Remove all contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash contaminated clothing prior

to re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Liquid
Odor Ethereal
Odor Threshold Not established

1H

Melting Point / Freezing Point ≤ -50°C

Initial Boiling Point and Boiling

Range ≥230°C Flash point >135°C Flammability Not applicable

Upper/Lower Flammability or

Explosive Limits 3.2 - 15.3 % vol. (for ethylene alycal)

Vapor Pressure 20°C
Vapor Density
Relative Density 15°C

Not applicable
against air – 6
1,05 (water = 1)

Solubility in Water Slightly soluble, the product remains on the water surface

Partition Coefficient:

n-Octanol/Water log Pow <2
Auto-ignition Temperature >300°C
Decomposition Temperature Not established
Viscosity Not established

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling.

Further information on correct storage: refer to chapter 7.

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Possibility of hazardous reaction No information available.

Conditions to avoid Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling.

Further information on correct storage: refer to chapter 7. Hazardous

decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

Incompatible materials Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid

exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition product Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high

temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, nitrogen oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity

Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

2-(2-(2 butoxyethoxy) ethoxy) ethanol LD50 oral rat: > 5000 mg/kg 0ECD 401

LD50 dermal rabbit: > 3000 mg/kg OECD 402

Skin Irritation Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without

proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil

acne/folliculitis.

Eye Irritation Expected to be slightly irritating.

Sensitization Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Repeated dose toxicity No data available.

Carcinogenicity This product contains mineral oils which are considered to be severely refined and

not considered to be carcinogenic under IARC. All of the oils in this product have

been demonstrated to contain less than 3% extractable by the IP 346 test.

Mutagenicity Not expected to be mutagenic.

Toxicity for reproduction Not expected to be toxic.

Information on likely routes of exposure:

After inhalation Inhalation of vapors may cause respiratory irritation.

After contact with skin Prolonged or repeated skin contact with the material will remove natural oils and

could lead to dermatitis.

After contact with eyes Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical advice if

discomfort continues. Continue to flush during transport to physician.

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After ingestion

Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-

No adverse health effects were noted.

term exposure

Other information No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

2,2'-oxybisethanol: LC50 fish 96h: >100 mg/l Pimephales promelas. OECD 203

LESO daphnia 48h: >10000 mg/l Daphnia Magna. OECD 202

2-(2-(2 butoxyethoxy) ethoxy) ethanol: LC50 fish 96h: >100 mg/l Pimephales promelas. OECD 203

EL50 daphnia 48h: >10000 mg/l Daphnia Magna. 0ECD 202

NOEL algae 72h: >100 mg/l Pseudokrichneriella subcapitata. OECD 201

Persistence and degradability Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be

inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist

in the environment.

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating, Partition coefficient: <2

Mobility in soil

The product is soluble in water. Soluble in water and will partition to aqueous

phase. Volatilization from water to air not expected. Mobile in soil until degraded. This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either

persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very

bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other adverse effects Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be

released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion

potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Material Disposal Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to

determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in

water courses.

Container Disposal Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized

collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be

established beforehand.

Local Legislation Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws

and regulations.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The substance is not a subject to transport regulations on hazardous goods included in ADR (road transport), RID (rail transport), IMDG (marine transport) and ICAO/IATA (air transport).

UN number
UN proper shipping name
Not applicable.
Transport hazard class(es)
Not applicable.
Packing group
Not applicable.
Environmental hazards
Special precautions for use
Not applicable.
Not applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Chemical safety assessment:

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. 4 - Acute toxicity 4 cat.

Eye Dam. 1 - Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1

STOT RE 2 - Toxic effect on the target organ - repeated exposure 2 cat.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eve damage.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road DNEL : Derived No Effect Level

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances (EINECS)
EN : European Standard
ES : Exposure Scenario
EU : European Union

IATA : International Air Transport Association

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit
PEC : Predicted Effect Concentration
PNEC : Predicted No Effect Concentration

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PPE: Personal Protection Equipment

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Rail

STEL : Short term exposure limit TWA : time weighted average

Other information:

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